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ANNUAL CATALOGUE OF

CLEVELAND NURSERY

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HAVERLAND SEEDLING STRAWBERRY.

EAST ROCKPORT, OHIO.

Many will receive this Catalogue without ordering it. Some friend doubtless was interested in your welfare, and sent us your name that you might know where to purchase Good Plants cheap.

HAVERLAND SEEDLING STRAWBERRY.

FALL 1887. SPRING 1888.

WHOLESALE CATALOGUE AND PRICE LIST

CLEVELAND NURSERY,

ORIGINATORS OF

Thompson's Early Prolific Red Raspberry,

THE EARLIEST IN EXISTENCE.

We have tried to make our Price List clear, so that everyone can understand. We have not drawn a lot of fancy pictures to mislead anyone, like a great many do. As careful as we are, errors may occur; if so they shall be promptly rectified if our fault, if possible.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

IS CALLED TO OUR LOW PRICES ON

Raspberries, Gooseberries, Currants, Concord Grape Vines,

Jessie Strawberries, Blackberries, Egyptian Onion Sets.

WE HAVE AS MANY AS

A MILLION RASPBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE!

Hence it is necessary to make very low prices. They are not a lot of old, poor plants, but are young plants, and true to name. We have many other kinds of trees not on this list, including Shade Trees, Evergreens, Mulberry Trees, etc., etc. Prices on application.

If you want anything not in our Price List, write, and we will try and furnish you.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE ORDERING.

TERMS:

PAYMENTS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

This is the ordinary rule of nurserymen, and is a reasonable one. We have been years in building up a business, and are known to the public. Moreover, our success depends on fair and careful dealing. We believe that it depends still more on liberal dealing, and we think our old patrons will testify very generally that we have consulted their interests as truly as our own. It is our wish and intention that no one shall suffer loss in their transaction with us. We prefer taking a liberal course at the outset, to doing a credit business, assured that it is the better course for both parties.

If purchasers wish Strawberry Plants in quantities of 50, 100 or more, to be sent by mail, let them add to the catalogue price 15 cents for 50, 25 cents per hundred, for postage. Thus those at a distance from railroads can obtain plants promptly.

To parties living long distances from express offices, it may often be a great convenience to receive Raspberry, Blackberry, Currant and Gooseberry Plants by mail. If so, let them add 20 cts. to the price per dozen, 40 cts. to the price per 50, and 75 cts. to the price per 100. Of course, larger and better plants can be sent by express than by mail.

Large and mixed orders, and all plants at a thousand rate go by express. *We make no charge for packing.*

Plants for Canada must be sent by express, since the restriction on mail matter are such as to prevent any favorable forwarding to our customers by this method. In respect to the duty, we will share the burden with our patrons, paying one-half of it ourselves. They may, therefore, deduct 10 per cent. from price list rates.

Freight and Express Charges are in All Cases Paid by the Purchaser, except where noted.

We ship from Cleveland, Ohio, and can ship by ten different railroads, so we are sure of getting low rates by so much competition. We are situated three miles from the boundary line of Cleveland, five miles from Public Square.

The buyer should go to his nearest express office, and learn the probable charges on his purchase, and thus save himself unpleasant surprises. In some instances he may learn that it will be cheaper for him to avail himself of our mail rates. We pack as lightly as we can in view of the safety of the plants.

Fast Freight.—Early in the season, when the weather is cool, plants can often be sent quite cheaply by fast freight; but we take no responsibility in such cases, as there is often great delay.

Our Shipping Facilities are from Cleveland, Ohio.

There are many who are unacquainted with the best varieties of Small Fruits for their purpose. To such we would say, that if they will leave the selection to us, simply stating the general character of the soil, whether light or heavy, and whether the fruit is wanted for market or home use, we will make such a selection as will please them.

Mistakes Remedied on this Condition.—The package must be opened *promptly on its receipt* and the plants counted. If, *then*, they are not in good order, or fall short, please notify us at once, and we will make all right. We take our patron's word, and make up to him all losses for which we are to blame. But it is not fair to us to complain where mails and express matter are not regularly obtained, or the plants not promptly opened, or counted until days after being set out. Let us here distinctly state that the *young* plants of some of our best kinds are often small.

The *Crescent Seedling* is another example, and the young plants are scarcely more than half the size of the *Seth Bopdens* and others. Some varieties of Grape Vines, such as *Lady*, *Delaware*, etc., are also much smaller than others. We shall always try to send the best plants of the kind.

☞Dip the plants, as soon as received, in water, and bury the roots in moist, shady ground till you are ready to set them out. If cold, hot or windy when received, place in a cool cellar and cover the roots, not tops, with moss or wet grass, but set out as soon as possible, since, plants out of the ground lose their vitality. Water after setting out, if dry, and shade till the plants do not wilt in the sun.

☞*We would esteem it a favor if our Patrons would SEND THEIR ORDERS AS EARLY IN THE SEASON AS POSSIBLE, AS WE ARE ALWAYS LIABLE TO BE SOLD OUT OF JUST WHAT YOU WANT, BY LEAVING YOUR ORDERS SO LATE.*

IMPORTANT.

In view of our purpose to furnish *good* plant, *true to name*, and the great pains we take to secure plants of such a character, we know that our prices are very reasonable. In no other article of merchandise should quality count for more than in plants; since their first cost, at highest price, is trifling compared with the labor and expense that must be put upon them afterwards. Good plants cannot be sold below a certain rate, any more than good cloth at shoddy prices, without loss to someone. We are not only anxious that our plants should please when received, but also when coming into bearing. We give to them close personal supervision, and sell only such as we would set out ourselves. We give liberal count and remedy all errors. It is our sincere wish that every transaction should be to the advantage of the buyer as truly as to ourselves.

That our prices are more moderate than many in the trade, is due to the fact that we do business in small fruits on a large scale. We are willing, moreover, to comform our prices to other honorable dealers, and will not be undersold by any first-class nursery. We think we can do as well by those desiring to purchase as anyone, and therefore invite correspondence.

In ordering, please remember to give *Name, Post Office, County and State;* and be sure the name given is the name of the Post Office. Address,

CLEVELAND NURSERY,

Madison Avenue, East Rockport, Cuyahoga Co., O.

In instances where parties expect to order largely, we would like an opportunity to price their list.

DIRECTIONS FOR SENDING MONEY.

Money can be sent in New York drafts, Registered Letters, postal notes and post office orders, but where post office orders are sent, have the Post Master make them payable at Cleveland, Ohio.

In telegraphing us, please send East Rockport, via Cleveland, Ohio.

Any one ordering not less than $5.00 may deduct 10 per cent. where cash is sent with order.

☞THE PRICES QUOTED ARE GOOD ONLY WHILE STOCKS LAST.☜

A NEW STRAWBERRY.

HAVERLAND SEEDLING.

IN introducing my Seedling to the public, I must say its merits did not only draw my attention, but that of nursery men and many others that saw it just as it grows and their long experience and great expenditures in the line of fruit and berries certainly entitles them to know something about it. My own experience is that it is easy enough to start seedling strawberries, but it is not easy to produce one even as good as those varieties we already have, and unless there is some improvement over the old varieties, there is no use in retaining them. I am testing many new varieties just started from seed, but the chances are that none of them will show merits enough to be worth cultivation. The seedling I now offer was grown from seed of Crescent, fertilized by Sharpless, in 1882. It is a choice one and perhaps the most productive of any strawberry now in cultivation. The berries are firm and uniform in shape, averaging very large, of most excellent flavors, and are a bright, red color. Its uniform large size and fine appearance commands better prices than could be obtained for other berries. The plants are very large, healthy growers, and ripen their fruit with the Wilson, even and early, holding on well through the season. They withstand rust or blight as well as any other varieties and do not heave by frost as bad as the Wilson, Sharpless, Perry and May King, of which every fifth row where planted between them to fertilize. They are a Pishlate variety and must be planted near some perfect blossom variety like May King, Wilson or Sharpless, to secure good results. I have no doubt but what some of the Pishlate varieties are the most productive and profitable. Before I had a supply of my seedling I made more money out of the Crescent than any other variety, and this is undoubtedly the experience of many other berry growers, as the Crescent is very productive and well adapted to most all localities. I guarantee all plants of Haverland Seedling sold to be young and true to name.

B. H. HAVERLAND, *Originator*,
Hamilton Co., Ohio.

WE OFFER A FEW OF THE MANY TESTIMONIALS WE HAVE.

EAST ROCKPORT, O., July 12th, 1887.

Mr. B. H. Haverland:

The strawberry plants we received from you this last spring were the finest we ever saw and when they came into bearing they were loaded with fine, large berries. In speaking of them, the ground was literally covered with berries. We planted them beside of May King, in a row with Jewell, Burback, Monmouth, Belmont, and several other kinds of highly priced plants, but these were no comparison. It is really a wonderful berry. While we have seen many different kinds of Strawberries and are growing 26 acres this year, your berry beats them all and so say every one that saw it, and as we have said before, we will give one hundred dollars for 100 plants of any strawberry, of old or new kinds, that will beat these

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☞Remember we Grow Millions of Plants and can afford to Sell as Low as the Lowest Honorable Nurseryman.

berries in bearing, size and color, side by side on our grounds. We don't like to praise anything too much, but we cannot help it in this case. You certainly have the finest and most productive strawberry growing to-day.

Yours Truly, CLEVELAND NURSERY.

CINCINNATI, O., February 12th, 1887.

We have sold many hundred thousand of vegetable plants for Mr. Haverland and vouch for his good judgment and his reliability in reference to these as well as to his Seedling Strawberry. We recommend Mr. Haverland as a good, conscientious man, and a fair dealer. CHAS. F. MUTH & SON.

Mr. Haverland: SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

Dear Sir—I have been watching the Haverland Seedling Strawberry for the last three years with much interest and find it a very prolific bearer, hardy and very fine fruit, the best I ever saw. A. L. NEWELL.

MT. HEALTHY, OHIO.

We have found the Haverland berries all that could be desired in quantity and size and have a demand for all that we can furnish. D. D. STANDISH.

RIDGEWOOD NURSERY, STOCKTON, O., Feb. 10, 1887.

Mr. B. H. Haverland:

Dear Sir—Your new strawberry "Haverland," I believe to be a decided acquisition. As I saw it growing at your place it has showed wonderful vigor and productiveness; the berries were uniformly large and very regular in shape; in color a deep, glossy crimson; very attractive to the eye, and as pleasing to the taste. Everyone who grows strawberries should have it.

Respectfully Yours, GEORGE MILLER.

The "Haverland" seedling is large and uniform in size, the plant a thrifty grower, and the experience I have had with the berry, as a canner, it is equal to any strawberry yet in existence, and a valuable berry for the home market.

ANDREW HOUSTON, Pleasant Run, Ohio.

HAMILTON, OHIO, February 19, 1887.

I am a dealer in produce and berries. I find the Haverland Strawberries superior to any berry I handled last season. I found better sale for them than any other berry. B. SCHROEDER.

Mr. B. H. Haverland: MT. HEALTHY, O., Feb. 2d, 1887.

Dear Sir—From what I saw of your seedling strawberries in bearing on your grounds, I think it the best berry I ever saw in this locality.

Respectfully Yours, J. S. HILL.

Mr. Haverland: BARNES NURSERY, GROSBECK, HAMILTON CO., O.

Dear Sir—The strawberry you call the "Haverland" seedling I saw growing on your premises of your production is I think one of the very best, strong, thrifty grower, a profuse bearer of berries of large size and of good quality. My impression is that it will take the lead in strawberries on account of size and quality. M. BARNES, JR.

☞*Commence and read every word in this Catalogue and go through it. If our prices on anything you want is higher than any other nurseryman, let us know.*

February 6th, 1887.

Being a near neighbor of Mr. Haverland, I have had a good opportunity to examine his new seedling strawberry, which is a superior strawberry in every respect, having examined it with a number of other strawberries to all of which in size and quality it is superior, being very large and smooth, very sweet and of a delicious flavor. The plants are also larger and more vigorous, and the yield of berries enormous in comparison with all other varieties which I have seen it stands at the head.

A. M. HOEL.

THE "HAVERLAND."

This Strawberry was brought to my attention by the originator, Mr. Henry Haverland, of Hamilton Co., a successful strawberry grower, in the spring of 1882. Out of many hundreds of seedling he selected the one above and fruited it with others that were quite promising. When called to witness the growth and productiveness of this his great favorite I was truly taken by surprise, it growing alongside of the Manchester, Mount Vernon, Crescent, Sharpless, and a number of his own seedlings, surpassed them all in strength of plant, productiveness, size and color. Some three or four truses to many of the plants and these though strong and tall, prostrated by the mass of fruit upon them. Mr. Haverland has for the past two seasons continued to market berries from this plant, refusing to sell, though offered a large price for a single plant purposing to dispose to some nursery man or company who could better handle and distribute the same. I have been a grower of strawberries for fifty years, and for strength and productiveness of plant, I have not seen the "Haverland" surpassed. The fruit is a great favorite among his numerous customers. The plant is a cross of the Sharpless and Crescent.

F. G. CARY.

GLENDALE, O., June 1st, 1887.

M. T. Thompson, Manager Cleveland Nursery:

Dear Sir—Your letter of inquiry came duly to hand. Were you now here on my ground and see how thickly the earth is covered with the Haverland berry you would exclaim truly Wonderful. Yours truly,

GEO. W. TROWBRIDGE, *Horticulturist.*

We, the undersigned, visited the Cleveland Nursery this summer and saw the Haverland seedling strawberry in fruit from spring set plants and would say we never saw such a sight on spring set plants before.

E. CANFIELD,
JAY ANDREWS,
D. A. WAGAR,
East Rockport, O.

ALFRED STRANGE,
ALBERT ALLTHOFF,
CHARLES GIRTH,
GEO. PORTER,
Cleveland, O.

STRAWBERRY CULTURE.

On arrival, unpack them at once, loosen the bunches, heel them in the ground or dip their roots in a muddle made by mixing earth in water until of the consistency of cream and lay them away in a cool, damp cellar, where they can neither dry nor freeze, until they can be planted where desired. All varieties marked "P," are Pishlate, and need some other perfect blossom planted beside them, about every 3rd or 4th row. The Pishlate varieties are generally the most

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☞ **Anyone sending us an order accompanied with the Cash, may deduct 10 per cent. for all orders over five dollars.**

productive when so treated. When planted in matted rows, they should be planted 1½ feet in the row and rows 3 feet apart, and never allowed to be too thick. After fruiting season is over, they should be thoroughly dragged and cultivated between the rows, setting the cultivator very narrow and then, every weed hoed up, but do this just as quick as you are through picking, so as to give your plants all the chance to prepare for fruit for next season. All berries should be thoroughly mulched just as soon as winter sets in with about two tons of straw to the acre, free from seeds as can be got. The straw will keep your berries clean and often add double the price to the crop. Some say it don't pay, but we say if it pays to grow them at all, it pays to raise them to perfection. Don't plant your whole farm in any new varieties because you read in some agricultural paper that they were the best, but get a few of each variety and test them on your ground, and if they do well, you will go at it intelligently, but don't let your neighbors beat you, try a few varieties of all new kinds and go at it; work with all your skill and success will be sure to crown you in the end. The same applies to all new fruits, try a few and give them proper treatment.

We here offer you a few of the old varieties, as well as the new. We do not advise planting strawberries in the fall, except potted plants.

P. HAVERLAND SEEDLING.—This is probably the best and most productive berry raised. Fertilized with May King, it cannot be beat. Potted plants shipped by express this fall, $2 per dozen, Layers $1 per dozen by mail, $5 per hundred, $40 per 1000. We advise everybody to try these berries.

MOUNT VERNON.—This we consider one of the very best late berries grown. Immensely productive of the finest quality, large, and begin to ripen just as other berries are getting poor. By growing this berry you can make the strawberry season last fully five weeks. We have not a berry on our farm that has made us the money this has, until we got the Haverland. Should be planted on mist clay or land that will not dry out, and not allowed to get too thick in the row. Land should be rich. Try it, 30 cents per dozen by mail, $1 per 100, $6 per 1000 by express.

CAPT. JACK.—Here is another that cannot be beat, one of the most productive, splendid shipper, strong grower, very bright red and holds its color the best of any variety we know, it is the size of the Wilson but far more productive. Don't miss buying it, you will be surprised. 25 cents per dozen by mail, 80 cents per 100, $5 per 1000 by express.

GREAT AMERICAN.—Here is another, probably the finest and best shipping berry raised. We heard so much of this berry that we planted largely of it. It is about twice the size of the Wilson, about the same color, but has the appearance of being varnished. We have not fruited it yet on our own place, but we never saw healthier and finer looking plants. It brings more money in the market than Sharpless. While Sharpless sold at high figures, this berry would bring in 50 cents

☞We will be pleased to have anyone call and see different fruits when they are in full bearing. If you desire to come, drop us a card and we will advise you when to come.

to $1 per bushel more. We cannot say how productive this berry is until next season. Don't miss trying this berry, 50 cents per dozen by mail, $2 per 100, $10 per 1000, by express.

JUCUNDA.—Here is another berry though old and rather tender, is the handsomest berry we ever saw. It took the first premium over more than 50 different kinds at Cleveland this season, Haverland not exhibited. Though somewhat neglected of late years, it is just coming in favorite again. One of our neighbors last year contracted this berry for the whole season, first and last, for 15 cents per quart, while some of the Wilsons sold as low as 3 cents, and at no time exceed 10 cents at wholesale. People are going heavy into it now. Try them, 30 cents per dozen, $1 per hundred, by mail; $5 per 1000, by express.

SHARPLESS.—Here is another berry, one of the largest, if not the largest berry grown, of the very best quality, very hardy, very productive, but rather soft for shipping. Our berries of this variety this year surprised them all. If taken proper care of and not allowed to grow too thick, will do far better the second year than the first. Don't miss planting this variety for home use or market. 25 cents per dozen, by mail; $1 per hundred, $4 per 1000, by express.

MAY KING.—Here is another, a seedling of the Crescent, very early, a few days ahead of the Wilson, very bright and attractive, very productive, and certainly is one of the leading berries to-day. For market, don't miss planting this berry. 25 cents per dozen, by mail; 80 cents per hundred, $3 per 1000, by express.

WILSON.—Too well known to need any description, the best of shippers, very productive, and one of the very best for canning and general purposes, a little sour for the table, but above all things don't discard this berry for there is not a berry to-day that has given half the satisfaction as the old Wilson. If properly taken care of, it will grow very large. 25 cents per dozen, by mail; 50 cents per 100, $2 per 1000, by express.

SUMMIT.—M. Crawford, the originator, speaks very highly of this berry, and we know he is a very reliable gentleman and would not misrepresent anything knowingly. He says: for combining large size, regular form and beauty, this variety is ahead of all others. In these respects it always takes the lead at the great rose and strawberry show in Cleveland. It took the first prize as the best new seedling. Price per dozen, 60 cents; per hundred, $3.00.

JESSIE.—Mr. Crawford speaks of this variety as follows: Fruited with me this year for the third time and after watching it carefully, I am still of the opinion that it is, all things considered, the best ever introduced. While it is not perfect in every respect, it combines all the desirable qualities in a higher degree than any other yet offered. It has no defects worth naming, and those who have a stock of it may congratulate themselves on their good fortune, (the plants of this variety will undoubtedly be in good demand and more than equal to the supply. We

☞ *Don't forget to order of us this year and get your neighbors. Send us the names of your neighbors who are interested in Small Fruits.*

THOMPSON'S EARLY PROLIFIC
RED RASPBERRY.

would advise all who contemplate planting this variety in the spring to secure them at once as you may get disappointed). We warrant all our plants of this variety to be genuine.

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
Potted Plants, Jessie	$1 00	$5 00	
Layer " "	50	4 00	$30 00
Monmouth, very promising	1 00	5 00	40 00
Gandy's Pride, very late and promising, will be valuable	1 00	5 00	40 00
Lida, very promising	1 00	5 00	30 00
Ontario, very productive and fine flavor	50	2 00	10 00
P. Crimson Cluster	2 00	10 00	80 00
Cohanzick, dark color, crimson, very glossy, very promising	1 00	5 00	.....
Mammoth, very promising, claimed to be the largest grown	1 00	4 00	30 00
P. Jewell, claimed to be larger than Sharpless, very promising	75	3 00	30 00
P. Burback, No. 5, very promising for home market	75	4 00	30 00
Bidwell, some very fine berries, but don't do well in the matted row	25	50	2 50
Cumberland, large, early, good for home market	25	1 00	5 00
Manchester, very productive, but rusts bad on our grounds	25	50	2 50
P. Crescent Seedling, very productive and handsome, one of the best	25	50	3 00
Charles Downing, very fine	25	50	2 50
P. Cornelia, large, but not very productive on some soils	25	75	4 00
Glendale, not much account with us	25	50	2 50
Garretson, large, bright, crimson	25	50	4 00
P. James Vick, very handsome and productive, but small	25	50	2 50
P. Jersey Queen, very handsome and not very productive	25	50	2 50
Kentucky, late, very productive, rather soft	25	50	2 50
Parry, very promising, not so productive as we would like	25	50	3 00
Triomphe de Gand, very good	25	1 00	6 00
Miners' Prolific, very good and productive	25	75	3 00
Indiana, very promising	25	1 00	5 00
Big Bob	25	1 00	4 00
Jumbo	25	1 00	6 00
P. Ohio, something after the Kentucky, rather late	60	3 00	.....

RED RASPBERRIES.

THOMPSON'S EARLY PROLIFIC RED RASPBERRY.—This is a seedling found among a number of others from selected seed gathered from the earliest red berries we could find on our grounds. Its early ripening, fine, large bright berries,

☞ *If you have never bought anything of us, try us with a small order. We will guarantee satisfaction or replace anything if not as we say.*

along with its productiveness, attracted the attention of M. T. Thompson, the originator, it ripening so early, being the earliest ripe Raspberry in the neighborhood, even ripening before the Black Caps. This year, the season being late, the first was picked the 19th of June on our grounds, and as we have no early ground, we know that anything that will ripen early on our own grounds will be sure to ripen early almost anywhere. Every fruit-grower knows the necessity of having a red Raspberry that will come on with good picking just as the Strawberry season is over. We have the Marlboro, Raneocas, and several other of the early red berries, but they cannot come up to this berry. It has stood 22 degrees below zero, and not injured in the least, and don't know how much more it will stand. This last spring we had a very late frost after the buds were nearly all leaved, but still it was not hurt, while Cuthberts were badly damaged, and our Brandywine killed nearly to the ground. We planted out one acre last fall, and this season they were loaded down to the ground with the weight of berries about the size of Brandywine, from two to three weeks earlier. We have had a very hot, dry time this summer, and while Brandywine and Cuthbert are badly damaged, and the Gregg almost burnt up, this berry does not show it the least, and, strange to say, the berries on the last pickings are larger than the first. We have long felt the need of an early red Raspberry, and have traveled miles to look at different varieties that we did not have, and have since, but cannot find its equal, and though our stock of plants are not very large, for we shall not plant any other red for general crop unless we find one better. It is a strong, healthy grower, dark foliage, free from rust or mildew, bright red color, looks very much as if it had been varnished. It is a splendid shipper, but not quite equal to Brandywine. We have tried it on clay and gravel, and find it does equally well on both. We expect to see this berry planted all over the United States, and are fully satisfied that there is no berry yet introdueed that will give more general satisfaction. Our neighbors, who have early, sandy ground, have wondered this last three years where we got such early berries from, and, as one of them said when he saw us in with them, he had not noticed his, but thought he had as early as any one, and said he was going to get some next day, even if they was green, for he did not like to get beat, but he had to baek water. This is the first year we had a full crop, for the plants were only planted in rows three years ago, and we only had three rows. Our neighbors have been wanting to get some of the plants, even offering us one dollar per plant, an old acquaintance at that, but as we have the early market in Cleveland, we don't want to sell one here for two years, so whoever buys these plants will not find the market flooded with plants like a great many other kinds just introduced, but will be sure to find a big demand for them, and we advise every one who grows a berry to be prepared. We control all the stock at present in the United States, and the price will be this fall and spring $3 per dozen, and the same next fall and spring, so everybody who buys these plants are bound to make money, besides having the earliest Productive Red Raspberry grown. Our agreement with all nurserymen and fruit-growers is that they are not to offer a plant for sale until

☞ *We are trying several new fruits, not yet though off only by ourselves, and shall introduce them as soon as we have a good supply.*

the fall of 1888. There is more money in an early Red Raspberry with us than any small fruit we grow. While the late varieties are sold at half the price, or even less than that, we say to one and all, don't miss planting a dozen at least of these berries. We don't want any one to plant more until you are as well satisfied as we are, and then plant all you can. The lithograph of this berry is only two-thirds its regular size, and only two-thirds the amount of fruit. We did not take the best clusters, nor the worst, but we took an average cluster, as there is no need of us misrepresenting this berry. We expect and trust that every word we say will be found true.

CLEVELAND NURSERY.

RED RASPBERRIES.—The Red Raspberry succeeds best on gravel and sandy soil, and should be planted on well-drained land, not too rich. The best time to plant them is the fall. Plant about 2½ feet in the rows, and six feet from row to row; if planted in hills, about 5x6, which, we think, is the best, for best results. Don't let them remain too thick in the hills, or row. Keep them well cultivated, within a week of picking. The most promising we have are the following:

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
THOMPSON'S EARLY PROLIFIC—Earliest and most produce of the early	3 00	.....	.....
CUTHBERT—A very large and the very best flavored Red grown. Everybody who plants a Raspberry for home or market should plant some of these berries	25	1 00	5 00
BRANDYWINE—The best shipping berry we ever saw of the reds, and can be shipped hundreds of miles; very productive; ripens about two days after the Cuthbert	25	1 00	5 00
PHILADELPHIA—This is one of the most productive berries grown, and whoever plants a red Raspberry for home use should plant this berry. Fine flavored. It is wonderful how so many berries can ever grow as grows on these bushes. It is a purple red and does not sell at sight as well as some others, but those who know it prefer it to all others. When color is no object, this is the berry. One acre will produce more than two of Brandywine or three of Cuthbert with us. Don't overlook this valuable berry	25	1 00	5 00
SHAFFER'S COLOSSAL.—This is another very productive purple red, but darker than Philadelphia, but, like the Philadelphia, it is one of the best for canning. Try a few	25	1 00	8 00
MARLBORO—Large and early, about ten days later than Thompson's Early Prolific; fair flavor	50	1 00	10 00
HANSELL.—Here we have one of the best early berries, though a slow grower, but Mr. Hausell, the originator of this			

☞ *We can supply large orders of many small fruits cheaper than any fruit grower in Ohio, having the largest small fruit farm in this State.*

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
berry, has done a fine thing for all lovers of fruit in bringing this beautiful berry before the public. Its earliness, bright attractiveness, is becoming more of a favorite every year, and whoever plants this berry we feel will be more than pleased with it. We highly recommend it to one and all.....	50	2 00	15 00
RANCOCAS.—We cannot as yet say very much about this berry until another season.....	50	3 00	20 00
GOLDEN QUEEN RASPBERRY.—Claimed by others to be of superior quality of Iron-Clad and Fire-Proof Hardiness, of the greatest beauty, exceeding productiveness, of the largest size, of strongest growth, very firm and adheres firmly to the stem.....	2 00	12 00	100 00

We have several other reds but mention what we consider the best. We are trying new seeding of our own and have one that bore this year of bright red and is showing very fine, but we will not be able for two years to introduce it, even if we do then. We say the same about Raspberries as we do abont Strawberries, don't plant your whole farm into any variety until you are sure it is what you want and then go in for all you are worth.

BLACK RASPBERRIES (commonly called Black Caps). We have come to the conclusion that the Blacks should be planted in the spring and be sure and not planted too deep. The soil best adapted for them we have found to be a clay loam, well drained, where no water will stand very long, and land that will not bake or get hard, made good and rich with well-rotted manure or wood ashes or both, and planted as early in the spring as the ground is ready; they should be planted in hills 4 by 7, kept well cultivated within a few days of ripening, and the best way is to run one wire through each row after the first year and tied them to the wire which will keep the wind from breaking as they grow very fast and are tender the first year; they should be all nipped off as soon as they get 1½ feet high, and the next years never allowed to get over 3 feet, a row of early potatoes can be grown between them the first year, but get them out by the first of August so that the Raspberry will have a good chance to spread. Plants should never be planted from old patches, get young plants, if you have to buy them, we find they are more liable to rust on sandy and gravely soils.

DOOLITTLE is one of the earliest and most prodnctive and we think the best and most productive of all Black Caps we have

☞ *Any one having any new fruits they want tried, we shall be pleased to hear from them.*

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
tried up to this and stands the drouth the best; being so early, it brings the very best prices, the best of flavor	25	1 00	7 00
GREGG.—This is one of the largest grown but not so productive and coming in just as the market is glutted, consequently does not bring the highest price. Two or three good pickings and they are done. This year and last with us they dried up so with the drouth that they did not pay for cultivation. We shall not plant another Gregg on our place, they are a good shipper but dry and not near so good flavored as the Doolittle	25	1 00	7 00
TYLER—This is another early cap, and worthy of cultivation, about the size of Doolittle, hard to tell the difference. They do well with us. We highly recommend them	25	1 25	10 00
NEMAHA.—This we consider the best late Black Cap now, larger than the Gregg, more productive, perfectly hardy; with us comes in about the same. Similar in fruit, but the season is longer. We hope everybody who plants a Raspberry will try them. Don't try too many until you are satisfied. They are what you want. While they do well with us they might not do so well everywhere	50	2 50	18 00
SOUHEGAN.—Another fine early berry, thought a great deal of by some. It is a fine berry, well worthy of trial. Don't see any difference in earliness and productiveness from the Doolittle to speak of, but rusts more	50	1 25	10 00
OHIO.—A profitable variety; good size; firm; finest for evaporating	50	1 25	10 00
CARMAN.—This new berry, named in honor of E. S. Carman, of the *Rural New Yorker*, is well recommended, very hardy, claimed to be the earliest. Introduced this year for the first time by G. H. and J. H. Hale. Very large. Try a few	2 50	.....	.....
EARHART.—Ever-bearing. This is a remarkable berry. J. W. Sarff tells Messrs. Hale: "You may say over my name that the first crop of Earhart is equal in yield to Doolittle, Mammoth Cluster, or any of the leading sorts, and the after-crop continues from July to freezing in the fall, and is equal to twice that of the first crop. If the old wood was cut to the ground in the spring, you could safely count on a full crop from the new canes. I saw picked off two rows, 6 to 8 rods long, sixteen quarts nice berries at one picking. At one time about the first of September, and they sold for just double the price that Black Caps sold for when the main crop was ripe. Don't miss planting a few of these.	2 00	.....	.....

☞ *Remember, all orders accompanied with the money can deduct Ten per cent. from Catalogue Price.*

BLACKBERRIES.

This fruit is one of the best fruits grown, healthy at all seasons of the year. No one should be without them. We plant them late in the fall or spring; ground should be moderately rich; plant in rows 7 feet apart, 4 feet in the row. The first year, when about 1½ high, pinched back, and never allowed to get over 3½ high, there is numerous kinds, but we just mention a few of what we consider the best at present.

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
TAYLOR'S PROLIFIC.—This we consider one of the best flavored, as well as the most productive berries grown; very hardy; free from rust. We think more of this than any other up to the present, and we hope to see it largely cultivated. Try it. Larger than Snyder	50	1 50	10 00
SNYDER.—One of the earliest; very hardy and productive; rusts some, but will stand very hard freezing without getting the least injured; splendid flavor; is one of the leading berries to-day; not quite so large as the Taylor; try a few	50	1 50	10 00
WILSON'S EARLY.—This is one of the largest berries grown, but tender in the north. Cannot depend on a crop, but when you do get a crop, they are immense, and when there is no danger of them getting winter-killed, they are the berry. We shall take ours out this season, as we cannot depend on them like the Taylor and Snyder. Very poor flavor; sour and very seedy. Don't recommend them in the north	50	1 50	10 00
ERIE.—The only large Blackberry with an iron-clad cane. In addition to great hardihood and colossal size, it is among the first to ripen; of strong growth; very vigorous, and exceedingly prolific; not only desirable for the home garden, but the best and most profitable of the late introduction for market. Try a few.	3 00	20 00	.....
KITTATINNY.—Productive but rust badly on some ground. Don't recommend them	50	1 50	10 00

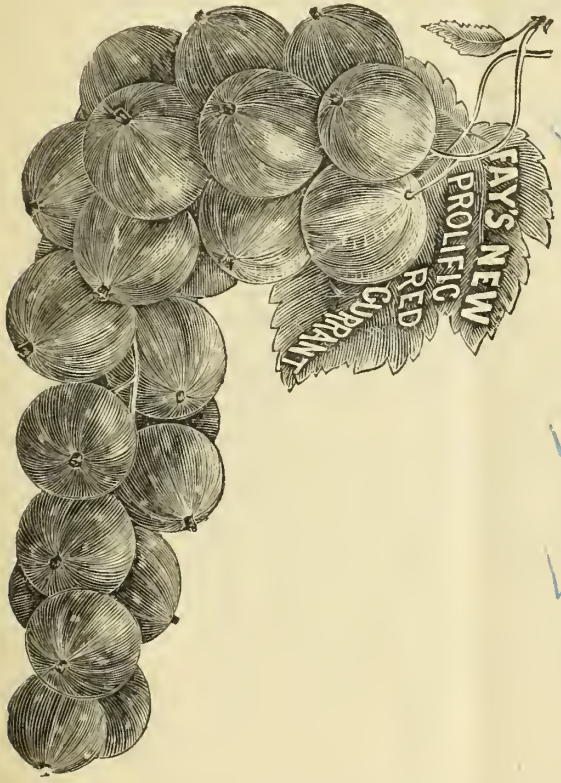
GOOSEBERRIES.

These require a rich, moist soil, well underdrained, and made rich, and owing to their hardiness are one of the most valuable crops we raise. The varieties are numerous like other small fruits, should be planted in rows 5 feet, row 6 feet apart, but the best way if you have a large piece and can, is to plant them 6 x 6 and cultivate both ways. Keep the ground well stirred with the cultivator and well manured. As soon as the worms bother them sprinkle paris green on them the same as you do for potatoes, but be sure and not get it too strong, but get at it as soon as they make their appearance, as neglect is sure ruin. The best time to plant

☞ *Don't fail to send us an order this year if you did last. If you ever hear of any one finding fault with our stock, let us know.*

them is the fall or very early in the spring, just as soon as you can get on the ground as they are the first of all fruits to start.

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
HOUGHTON SEEDLING.—This we consider the most productive and most profitable of any as yet though not quite so large they bear immense crops, almost free from mildew, their skin is tough and stands shipping the best of any variety we know of. We advise the planting of these largely, one year plant	75	3 50	30 00
DOWNING.—This is another valuable variety, about twice the size of the Houghton and very prolific; bears immense crops for a large gooseberry. We consider this one of the best	1 00	6 00	50 00
SMITH'S IMPROVED.—This we consider about equal with the Downing, try a few unless you know what they are. One year plants	1 00	6 00	50 00
INDUSTRY.—This berry is highly recommended but have not fruited on our grounds, yet, will bear next season	3 00		



CURRANTS.

Treat these the same as Gooseberries, plant in the fall or early spring.

VICTORIA.—This we consider the most profitable and productive of all the reds and a sure cropper. One year plants from cutting, per doz., 75 cents; per 100, $2 50; per 1000, $20.00. Two yr. plants, per dozen, $1.00; per 100, $3 50; per 1000, $30.00.

LA VERSAILLES.—Very large, but not so prolific. per dozen, $1,00; per 100, $3.50; per 1000, $30.00.

FAY'S PROLIFIC.—One year surpasses all other varieties in general good qualities. One year, per dozen, $3.00; per hundred, $25.00. Two years, per dozen, $4.00; per 100, $30.00.

☞ *If you want anything not in our Catalogue, let us know. If we can get it, we will furnish it at same price and ship at the same time and save expenses.*

GRAPES.

This is another fine fruit and should be planted on every farm, large or small, in the United States, as they require little labor once planted and well taken care of, will last for years without renewing and can be kept for months in the winter. Whoever saw a child, man or woman who do not like this beautiful fruit, and see the thousands of farmers who never grow a grape and say, O, I cannot bother with them, they are too much trouble. But he will fuss over 10 acres of oats, plow, sow, reap harvest, thrash, kills himself, wife and children in the hot field, have the thrashers, pay $100 for a reaper, and when he gets through, what has he got? If he has forty bushels of oats to the acre, will be at 30 cents per bushel $12, on 10 acres $120. While one acre of grape, with less than half the work will net him more money, and so with other small fruits. We know men in our neighborhood who farmed it, they had to keep selling piece after piece of their farm every few years to live and they finally put out some grapes, and in a few years, instead of selling any more land, began buying back and paying twice the price what they sold for, until now they have a fine farm, all paid for, and a handsome bank account, and they live on the fat of the land. If farmers who have some boys will give them say one acre of good land and say, here boys, here is one acre of as good land as we have on the farm, I will give you this and you may put in one-half acre of strawberries one-half acre of grapes or any other small fruit, and I will let you have a day once in a while to keep it clean and you may have all the money you can make for yourselves. You will see after a few years the boys will be putting more money in the bank out of their acre of land than you will of may be hundred acres and then the boys will be more apt to stay at home as there will be some interest. Boys, talk this over to father and mother and get sister in company with you and she will enjoy it. Make her a partner but let her help do the picking, not the cultivation, and in a year or two father will see how you are doing and try him on another acre but keep things clean and in first-class shape and your neighbors will come and get some fruits and pay you big prices right at home and the more they get, the more their children will want them. Plant nothing but the best and give them nothing but the very best of care. Put a good covering of straw on your strawberries to keep them clean and any time you want advice drop us a line and we will cheerfully answer it for we think a great deal of the children. Don't be afraid to write, we like to give advice and we say to all boys and girls, stay on the farm, never mind the dude that stands behind the counter, with his hair parted in the middle and his mustache waxed and owing the tailor for the clothes he wears. Remember our greatest men have been tillers of the soil. We must stop here for we are getting out of our business. Our business is raising fruits and selling plants. There are various kinds of grapes, but the most profitable and most productive is the Concord. There is a number of newer grapes which are proving very valuable. Among the following they will be found. The soil for grapes should be well drained, rolling

☞ *Don't forget our discount on all orders over Five Dollars, when the cash is sent with order.*

land seems to suit them better than richer and flat land. The best time to plant the Grape is the fall. They should be planted deep, and cut to one eye the first ear and two eyes the second, and if they have not made a good growth the third year, it is better to cut them back to three eyes. In fact, we think that a vineyard should not bear until the fourth year, and will do better than if allowed to bear at three years, more especially with the Ives Plant; then 9x9 feet.

Concord—Too well known to need description. We highly recommend this.

	Per Doz.	Per 100	Per 1000
One year old vines	75	2 00	20 00
Two year old vines	1 00	2 50	20 00

Niagara (white).—"The white grape for the million." From what we have seen of it we believe it will be among white grapes what the Concord has been among black, the most reliable of all. Vine a vigorous grower; healthy, hardy, and very productive; leaves large, thick, and downy; bunch, large, compact, sometimes shouldered; berries large, round, light greenish white; flesh tender, with little pulp; quality as good or better than Concord; ripens a few days earlier.

One year, each	75	10 00	.....
Two year, each	1 00	.....	.....

Empire State.—"The Empire State is a seedling of the Hartford Prolifiic, fertilized with the Clinton; ripening with Hartford Prolifie and Moore's Early. Nearly all of the bunches shouldered, and the finest shade of white ever seen in fruit. A good grower and fruiter in every respect. Bunches large, from six to ten inches long, shouldered; berry medium to large, roundish oval, color white, with very light tinge of yellow, covered with a thick, white bloom; leaf thick, smooth underside; flesh tender, juicy, rich, sweet, and sprightly, with a slight trace of native aroma, continuing a long time in use; vine very hardy. Its great productiveness, beautiful color, fine quality, extreme hardiness and vigor, and healthfulness of wine and foliage, size and compactness of cluster, and good shipping qualities, make it the best grape, all things considered, yet produced."

One year vines, each	75	.....	.....
Two year	1 00	.....	.....

☞Order everything not sent by Mail to go by Express. Long Distances it pays best.

GRAPES.

	Each.	Per Doz.	Per 100.	Per 1,000
Catawba, fine, 1 year	10	75	$3 00	$25 00
Delaware, " 1 "	15	1 25	8 00	.....
Elvira, " 1 "	15	1 00	5 00	.....
Dutchess, " 1 "	20	1 50	10 00	.....
Ives, good for wine, 1 year	10	75	3 00	.....
Martha White Grape, Fine	15	1 00	8 00	50 00
Pocklington, fine	25	2 00	15 00	.....
Prentiss, fine	25	2 00	15 00	.....
Salem, fine	15	1 00	70 0	.....
Moore's Early, fine	25	2 00	15 00	.....

FRUIT TREES.

	Each.	Per Doz.	Per 100.	
Apples—First select, 6–8 feet	25	.....	20 00	.....
Pears—Standard	75	4 00	30 00	.....
First-Class, 5–7 feet	60	3 50	25 00	.....
Light	50	3 00	20 00	.....
Dwarf, first-class	50	3 00	20 00	.....
Keiffer's Hybrid Standard, first-class, 1 year	50	5 00	40 00	.....
Mailing Size, *post-paid*, thrifty, 1½–2 feet	75	7 50	.....	.....
One to 1½ feet	50	5 00	.....	.....
LeConte, 1 year, first-class, 3–4½ feet	50	5 00	40 00	.....
Light, 1 year, 2–3 feet	40	4 00	30 00	.....
Cherries—Extra	60	.....	40 00	.....
First-Class	50	.....	30 00	.....
Light	40	.....	25 00	.....
Peaches—No. 1, first-class, 3½–6 feet	35	.....	10 00	.....
No. 2, good, 2–3½ feet	25	.....	8 00	.....
Plums—First-class, 4–6 feet	50	.....	30 00	.....
Quinces—China	50	5 00	.....	.....
Orange	25	2 50	20 00	.....
Champion, 1 year	50	5 00	40 00	.....
Champion, 2 year	75	7 50	20 00	.....

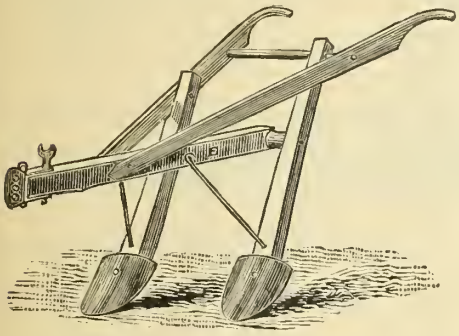
Two-tooth Cultivator.—This is one of the best implements for working the soil as was ever invented, particularly amongst corn, potatoes, grapes, raspberries, etc. A person can almost hoe crops with this implement Built strong and durable, it beats all in the land that is hard. You can work it up like an ash-heap. Splendid for getting land ready for wheat; instead of breaking the soil up in large lumps like

☞*If you have no use for this Catalogue, won't you please hand it to some one interested in Fruits, or if any of your friends want one, let us know and we will gladly send one.*

a plow, it cuts it all to pieces, and you can go any depth desired by going over the land two or three times, strong enough to use two horses. Don't work land another day without it, costs only $3, and we would say, if we could not get another one, we not take $25 a-piece for the ones we use. Can be shipped by freight.

CLEVELAND NURSERY.

We, the undersigned, would say we are using the Two-tooth Cultivator sold by Cleveland nursery, and know it is one of the best tools ever used on land.



JOHN BILLINGTON,
NOBLE HOTCHKISS,
CLARK WORTHING,
PHILIP WAUGER,
DAVID J. HARRIGAN,
DAVID HARRIS,
M. T. THOMPSON,

East Rockport, O.

I have sold a number Two-tooth Cultivator for Cleveland Nursery, and find they give the best of satisfaction.

LAWRENCE JOHNSON.

In addition to our nursery business we are probably the largest growers in this State of bunched onions, pealing every day, from March until after strawberries begin to ripen, and the varieties principally raised are the Egyptian variety. We plant them in the fall, any time after the first of August. We plant in rows 1 foot apart and about two inches apart in the row. These are a very hardy onion, will stand out all winter without injury, even growing in the winter when we have a few warm days, though they often get froze close to the ground. In the spring they grow stronger than ever, and in from one to two weeks are large enough to eat or bunch for market. They never grow to bottoms like black seed or other sets, but to a short onion, which are intended to eat green, and when large are good cooked when no other onion can be got. If once planted they are a multiplying onion, and if thinned out will last for years; in fact, it is the hardest matter in the world to kill them. Every person who has a farm or garden should have a supply of this Onion. We peal some days 500 to 700 dozen bunches. We sell them 35 cents per quart by mail, 75 cents one-half peck by express, $1.50 per peck, $5 per bushel, all by express. Don't miss planting a few of these Onions.

☞ *We can supply large orders of many small fruits cheaper than any fruit grower in Ohio, having the largest small fruit farm in this State.*

In addition to the above we raise the Yellow Danver Onion and Seed, and have as fine a lot of this seed you ever saw, and shall sell it as low as any reliable seedsman. We have not harvested it yet. Prices on application. This seed is warranted to grow.

In addition to the above we are raising an Onion which is very early, and all lovers of Onions will enjoy it; is so mild that you can almost eat it like an apple. We hope all who want a mild Onion will be sure to send to us for this Seed. We guarantee this Onion to please you. Prices of this Seed on application, as we cannot yet make the price until after we have harvested the Seed. We here give a few testimonials out of hundreds we receive.

LORAINE CO., O., February 28, 1887.

Cleveland Nursery:

The plants I got from you are first-class. The Cuthbert plants are the finest I ever saw. Thanks for the extras.

JOHN M. FREEMAN.

GREENVILLE, O., May 28, 1887.

Cleveland Nursery:

Again thank you for your nice plants and vines, all of which are growing nicely.

D. L. GASKILL.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 13, 1887.

Cleveland Nursery:

The 5,000 Raspberry plants received. They are as fine a lot as I ever saw and they came in good order, for which accept my thanks, and if, in the future, I should want anything in your line, I will give you a show for my order.

JASPER N. CLARY.

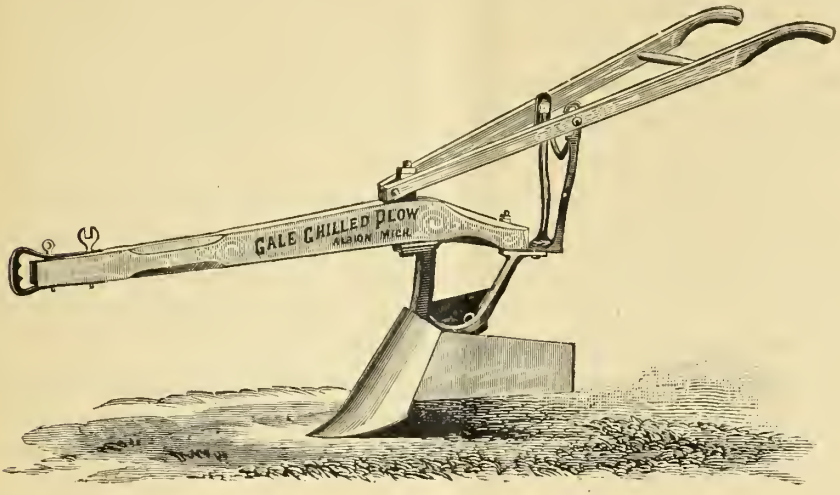
YORK CO., PA., June 1, 1887.

Gentlemen:

Excuse my delay in writing you sooner, but I have been so busy; but I must tell you I never got such nice plants before. The Captain Jack Strawberries are full of blossoms, and so are the Raspberries. I will be able to send you a great many customers next spring.

WM. L. COPELAND.

☞*Don't fail to send us an order this year if you did last. If you ever hear of any one finding fault with our stock, let us know.*



This double-winged Shovel-Plow is one of the best made, and those who have no such tool should never go another day without one shipped by freight. $6. Net.

Where neighbors will get up a club of six for one Two-Tooth Cultivator, we will let them have them for $2.50 each. You can order one, and if it suits your neighbors, you can deduct the 50 cents. The prices on the Two-Tooth Cultivator and Shovel-Plow are net cash.

CLEVELAND NURSERY.

(Copied from Ohio Farmer.)

We recently visited the Cleveland nursery and fruit farm, managed by M. T. Thompson, and was greatly surprised at its extent and excellence. It is situated on Madison avenue, a mile or so from the city limits. They have 26 acres in strawberries, about 20 varieties; 20 acres in raspberries, of all varieties; 4 acres in gooseberries, 2½ acres in currants, 4 acres in blackberries, and 8 acres in grapes—making one of the most extensive concerns of the kind in the State. Mr. Thompson is one of the best posted men on small fruits we have come in contact with. He knows

☞ *Remember, all orders accompanied with the money can deduct Ten per cent. from Catalogue Price.*

the character, habits, quality, and *worth* of any variety you can mention. His knowledge extends to pears, peaches, apples, etc., etc., all of which are grown in abundance, and of all the popular sorts, on this farm, the merits of which are comparatively unknown. Mr. Thompson originated a new seedling red raspberry last year that promises to be a great accession. It bore for the first time this year, and is exceedingly prolific, and of excellent quality. He has named it Thompson's Early Prolific, and claims for it, *the most prolific and earliest raspberry known.* It ripened this year June 19. He has a new variety of strawberry, fruited on the place for the first time this year, which promises great things. We saw it in bearing, and the plants were literally loaded down with fruit of most desirable quality. This strawberry has never yet been catalogued, but full particulars can be obtained by writing to the "Cleveland Nursery," East Rockport. We can confidently recommend this concern to our readers.

The Strawberry referred to is the "HAVERLAND" Seedling.

S. Barker, Printer, 74 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

THOMPSON'S EARLY PROLIFIC
RED RASPBERRY.